

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product Name: Cylinder Black
Product Code: 0246, 0060
UFI: ND73-Q2RS-J008-U27X

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Coating component.
Uses advised against : Not for sale to or use by consumers.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company (UK): Granville Oil & Chemicals Ltd, 29 Goldthorpe Ind. Est., Goldthorpe, Rotherham, S63 9BL, UK.
Tel: +44 (0)1709 890099 | Email: lab@granvilleoil.com
Company (EU): Veedol Ireland Ltd, 77 Camden Street Lower, Saint Kevin's, Dublin, Ireland, D02 XE80.
Tel: +353 151 363 47

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Tel: +44 (0)1709 890099 (Office hours only)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Flam. Liq. 3, H226
Skin Sens. 1, H317
Repr. 1B, H360
STOT SE 3, H336
STOT RE 1, H372
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.
See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.
See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Contains : Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)
calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)
phthalic anhydride
cobalt(2+) propionate

Hazard statements : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention	: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapour.
Response	: P391 - Collect spillage. P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	: EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Restricted to professional users.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Type
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	REACH #: 01-2119458049-33 EC: 919-446-0 CAS: 64742-82-1	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1]
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	REACH #: 01-2119458049-33 EC: 919-446-0	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
2-ethylhexanoic acid and its salts	EC: 205-249-0 CAS: 136-51-6 Index: 607-230-00-6	<1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 1B, H360D	[1]
2-ethylhexanoic acid and its salts	REACH #: 01-2119524678-29 EC: 205-250-6 CAS: 136-52-7 Index: 607-230-00-6	<1	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 1B, H360 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1][2]
phthalic anhydride	REACH #: 01-2119457017-41 EC: 201-607-5 CAS: 85-44-9	≤0.3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	[1][2]
2-ethylhexanoic acid and its salts	EC: 219-536-3 CAS: 2457-02-5 Index: 607-230-00-6	≤0.2	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 1B, H360D	[1]

cobalt(2+) propionate	EC: 216-333-1 CAS: 1560-69-6	<0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 1B, H360F Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	[1][2]
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There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a physical, health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: No specific data.
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Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.
In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.
Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.
Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.
Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.
Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.
Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.
Comply with the health and safety at work laws.
Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds
Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c E2	5000 tonnes 200 tonnes	50000 tonnes 500 tonnes

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions : Not available.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

2-ethylhexanoic acid and its salts
phthalic anhydride
cobalt(2+) propionate

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [cobalt and cobalt compounds] Carc. Inhalation sensitiser.

TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m³ (as Co).

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Inhalation sensitiser.

STEL 15 minutes: 12 mg/m³.

TWA 8 hours: 4 mg/m³.

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [cobalt and cobalt compounds] Carc. Inhalation sensitiser.

TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m³ (as Co).

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: British Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy

Result

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

59.8 ppm

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

44 mg/kg

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

0.41 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

1.9 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

12 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

21 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

21 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

178.57 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

570 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

-	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 570 mg/m ³ Effects: Systemic
-	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation 640 mg/m ³ Effects: Local
-	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 837.5 mg/m ³ Effects: Local
-	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 1066.67 mg/m ³ Effects: Local
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 330 mg/m ³ Effects: Systemic
-	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal 44 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic
calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral 0.167 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic
-	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal 0.167 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic
-	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal 0.333 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic
-	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 0.58 mg/m ³ Effects: Systemic
-	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 0.66 mg/m ³ Effects: Local
-	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 2.351 mg/m ³ Effects: Systemic
-	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 2.66 mg/m ³ Effects: Local
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 37 µg/m ³ Effects: Local
-	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral 175 µg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic
-	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 235.1 µg/m ³ Effects: Local
phthalic anhydride	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral 5 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic
-	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal 5 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

-	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 8.7 mg/m ³ Effects: Systemic
-	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal 14 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic
-	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 49.4 mg/m ³ Effects: Systemic
strontium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral 0.16 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic
-	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal 0.167 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic
-	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 0.172 mg/m ³ Effects: Systemic
-	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal 0.333 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic
-	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 0.698 mg/m ³ Effects: Systemic
cobalt(2+) propionate	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 21.9 µg/m ³ Effects: Local
-	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral 103.8 µg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic
-	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 139.2 µg/m ³ Effects: Local

PNECs

Product/ingredient name
phthalic anhydride

Result
Fresh water
1 mg/l

Marine water

0.1 mg/l

Sewage Treatment Plant
10 mg/l

Fresh water sediment

3.8 mg/kg

Marine water sediment

0.38 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Skin protection

Hand protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Gloves : Duration / breakthrough time: <1 hour,
Glove material: NBR, nitrile rubber, material thickness as splash protection: at least 0.2 mm, (EN374)
Glove material: NBR, nitrile rubber Material thickness for short-term contact: at least 0.5 mm, (EN374)
The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source:
Expert judgment
The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Body protection : Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators.
A management program to ensure safe use including proper fitting, training on handling, duration of use, cleaning and replacement of respirators must be in place.
Recommended:
EN 140 filter mask with AXP3 or ABEK2P3 filter according to EN 14387 or pressurized air respirator according to EN 14594.
Depending on the risk assessment of the workplace, other respirator types might be selected.

Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flattening should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.

Environmental exposure controls : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour	: Black.
Odour	: Not available.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Technically not possible to measure
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: 135 to 220°C (275 to 428°F)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Lower: 0.6% Upper: 7%
Not available.	
Flash point	: Closed cup: 38°C (100.4°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: 280°C (536°F)
Decomposition temperature	: Not applicable.
pH	: Not applicable.
Viscosity	: Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C): Not available.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Miscible with water	: No.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	: 0.11 kPa (0.8 mm Hg)
Relative density	: Not available.
Density	: 1.051 g/cm³
Vapour density	: Not available.
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
Weight volatiles	: 43.1 % (w/w)
VOC content	: (2010/75/EU)

Particle characteristics

Median particle size	: Not applicable.
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9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Further information Not available.

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Miscible with water	: No.
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Further information Not available.

room temperature (=20°C)

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

- 10.4 Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials** : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 >3400 mg/kg OECD [Acute Dermal Toxicity]
	Rat - Oral - LD50 >15000 mg/kg OECD [Acute Oral Toxicity]
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour >13.1 mg/l [4 hours] OECD [Acute Inhalation Toxicity]
2-ethylhexanoic acid and its salts	Rat - Male, Female - Oral - LD50 300 to 2000 mg/kg OECD [Acute Oral toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method]
2-ethylhexanoic acid and its salts	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 >5 g/kg Toxic effects: Skin After topical exposure - Primary irritation
	Rat - Oral - LD50 3129 mg/kg
phthalic anhydride	Rat - Oral - LD50 1530 mg/kg Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity)
2-ethylhexanoic acid and its salts	Rat - Female - Oral - LD50 5000 mg/kg OECD [Acute Oral toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method]
cobalt(2+) propionate	Rat - Female - Oral - LD50 354.7 mg/kg OECD [Acute Oral Toxicity: Up-and-Down Procedure]
	Rat - Male, Female - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists 1.03 to 5.09 mg/l [4 hours] OECD [Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Acute Toxic Class (ATC) Method]

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
2-ethylhexanoic acid and its salts	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-ethylhexanoic acid and its salts	3129	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
phthalic anhydride	1530	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-ethylhexanoic acid and its salts	5000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
cobalt(2+) propionate	354.7	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.03

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name	Result
2-ethylhexanoic acid and its salts	Human - Skin - Severe irritant

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name	Result
2-ethylhexanoic acid and its salts	Rabbit - Eyes - Oedema of the conjunctivae OECD [Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion] Observation period: 21 days Irritation score: 2 Not fully reversible within 21 days or more
phthalic anhydride	Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 50 mg
2-ethylhexanoic acid and its salts	Mammal - species unspecified - Eyes - Severe irritant Not reversible
cobalt(2+) propionate	Rabbit - Eyes - Irritant OECD [Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion]

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result
2-ethylhexanoic acid and its salts	Rat - Oral Developmental: Positive

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Result
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)
phthalic anhydride	STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Result
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	STOT RE 1, H372
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	STOT RE 1, H372

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
dryness
cracking
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced foetal weight
increase in foetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.
Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	Acute - EC50 Daphnia 10 to 22 mg/l [48 hours]
	Acute - LC50 Fish 10 to 30 mg/l [96 hours]
	Acute - EC50 Algae 4.6 to 10 mg/l [72 hours]
	Chronic - NOEC Daphnia 0.097 mg/l [21 days]

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
cobalt(2+) propionate	-	-	Not readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	-	10 to 2500	High
(2-25%) calcium bis (2-ethylhexanoate) cobalt	-	2.96	Low
bis(2-ethylhexanoate) phthalic anhydride	1.6	15600	High
cobalt(2+) propionate	-	3.4	Low
		15600	High

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	No	N/A	No	Yes	No	N/A	No
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-ethylhexanoic acid and its salts	No	N/A	No	Yes	No	N/A	No
2-ethylhexanoic acid and its salts	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	N/A	Yes
phthalic anhydride	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
2-ethylhexanoic acid and its salts	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
cobalt(2+) propionate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging	Waste catalogue
	15 01 10* packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3  	3  	3  	3 
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	No.

Additional information

ADR/RID	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Tunnel code (D/E)
ADN	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
IATA	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
14.6 Special precautions for user	: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	: Not available.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

UK (GB)/REACH

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous

substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
mixture	≥90	3
2-ethylhexanoic acid and its salts	<1	30
and its salts	<1	30
		30

Labelling : Restricted to professional users.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

P5c

E2

National regulations

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
2-ethylhexanoic acid and its salts	EH40/2005 WELs	cobalt and cobalt compounds	Carc	-
cobalt(2+) propionate	EH40/2005 WELs	cobalt and cobalt compounds	Carc	-

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
IMO = International Maritime Organization
N/A = Not available
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
RRN = REACH Registration Number
SGG = Segregation Group
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 1B, H360 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H360D	May damage the unborn child.
H360F	May damage fertility.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 1B	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
Resp. Sens. 1	RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

Date of issue/ Date of revision : 6/11/2026

Version : 2.01

Date of previous issue : 2/3/2026

Notice to reader

This product is intended for industrial use only.